FARM AND FIRESIDE.

—if nutmers are good, when pricked with a pin, oil will instantly come out. —To brighten or clean silver or nickel-plated ware, rub with a woolen cloth and flour.

-The animal must be so fed that it will come to its rations with a sharp appetite at each recurring meal. Overfeeding is worse in its effects than underfeeding.—Maine Farmer.

—Spleed Currants: Five pounds of ripe currants, four pounds of brown sugar, one pint of vinegar, one table-spoonful each of cloves and allspice, a little nutmeg; boil one hour or until quite thick.—The Household.

-Ducklings—the young quacks—that are not allowed to run to ponds where frogs and tadpoles abound, must have meat, Unlike chickens, milk will not suffice. The duck will not thrive on an entire vegetable diet. - Field and

—Crabapple Jelly: Put the apples in the kettle with enough water to cover; let them boil until very soft, mash them up with a spoon and strain out the juice; take a pint of juice to a pound of sugar: boil it thirty minutes, and strain through a sieve.—The Ca-

—Old orchards are often brought into a state of fruitfulness by generous manuring and cultivation. Save all the bones found upon the premises, and lay in a stock if you can procure them. They are better than any "patent" manures. Break them with a sledge hammer and put them freely in the soil around fruit trees. - Montreal Witness.

around fruit trees.—Montreal Witness.

—These points as to his method are given by a farmer who knows how to raise four hundred bushels of potatoes to the acre. Rich, light soil; plow deep early in spring; plant fifteen inches apart; cover four inches deep or more, keep down the weeds, but do not work the ground after the potatoes begin to bloom. The main secret, he says, is in selecting the seed. He always cuts off the blossom end. One eye will yield more potatoes than two. eye will yield more potatoes than two.

—Indianapolis Sentinel.

—Remedies for bee stings are numerous. Almost anybody can name two or three, As a rule it is useless to apply any thing to the affected part; simply withdraw the stinger, which is nearly always left in the flesh, letting the wound entirely alone. Rubbing drives the poison into the circulation, and the effects are much more hurtful. After being stung, rest quietly, bear the pain with patience, and in a few moments it will have passed away, leaving no very bad effects.—N. Y. Herald.

-A writer in the Ladies' Floral Cabinet suggests the following as a pretty summer decoration of open fire-place: "Fill it with growing ferns, concealing with moss the pots in which they are planted; and if the ferns die replace them from time to time, as may be necessary, with fresh ones from the woods. Place above the ferns, slanting from side to side of the fire-place, a branch covered with gray lichen, and if possible a stuffed squirrel as if it were running, or a gay-plumage stuffed bird. The effect is more pleas-ing than can be imagined."

MAKING MANURE.

A Few Points on the Application of Alka-lies and Muck to the Soil.

Alakalies and muck are within the command of almost every farmer. Lime is not within reach, and, besides. requires no small skill in its management. In the preparation of manure price is every thing. Muck may be called worth 50 cents a cord, and the labor of digging say \$1; mix through the cord of muck sixty pounds of soda ash, the cheapest alkali there is at the present time, costing from 1; to 2 cents a pound according to quantity purchased (two pounds of soda ash are equal in alkaline strength to three pounds of potash), making a cord of muck equal in value to a cord of cow dung at a cost of from \$2.40 to \$2.70, to which is to be added the cost of labor for mixing. Many have used lime with muck to neutralize the acid lime with muck to neutralize the acid contained in it, and have been disappointed in the results of its application when used on the land, consequently condemning it. Lime in excess renders muck insoluble, granting it to have been in a soluble state.

Lime changes vegetable fiber into soluble geine, or vegetable matter, but being applied in excess it forms an insoluble salt. Now, by the supposition, there was no great excess of vegetable

there was no great excess of vegetable matter, and the lime, rendering only a small portion of that soluble, is itself. then, always in excess, and though it converts, it at the same time locks up the vegetable matter which it had con-

verted.

If lime is used on muck, salt should be used with it. In doing this, lime is converted into a perfectly soluble salt.

The soda is eliminated caustic, acts

on the vegetable matter, renders it soluble. During the exposure to the volumes of carbonic acid evolved from the muck, the caustic odor becomes carbonated. The carbonate of soda immediately decomposes the soluble salt of lime, and an insoluble salt of lime, with a soluble salt of soda, is the result. The effect of these various actions is, first, the vege-table matter is made soluble, ammonia evolved, which is converted into a nitrate, carbonate of lime produced, which acts as that does in spent ashes, which acts as that does in spent ashes, and a soluble salt of soda, or common salt, remains in the mass, producing still further good effects when its alkali is let loose by the action of growing plants. Here are rounds of changes taking place, which, though the farmer may not readily understand, he may produce with lime and common salt.

By mixing quickling with common

produce with lime and common salt.

By mixing quicklime with common salt its sods is let loose, the seid combines with the lime, forming a soluble salts of lime, and as long as the sods remains caustic it has no effect on the muriate of lime; but as soon as the sods becomes mild or carbonated, decomposition of the muriate of lime is produced, and the common salt is regenerated. Commencing then with the quicklime and salt, we pass on to a soluble salt of lime and caustic so la, and from that to mild sods, and to carbonate of lime and the original common salt, and these in decaying soil are mutually decomposed, and reform carbonate of sods.

This explains the beneficial effect on

SAVE THE STRAW.

Its Great Value as a Fortilizing Materia of Rare Merit. All kinds of straw are of more value for fertilizing purposes than is gen-erally supposed. The principal value is in the ash, which consists of potash, magnesia, soda, silica, phosphoric acid, lime, chlorine and sulphur. When allowed to decompose on the soil, the nitrogen which has been taken from the atmosphere is supposed to be retained, while in acting as a mulch, additional nitrogen may be absorbed from the atmosphere by the process called nitrification. Plowed under, it not only retains all its value as a fertilizer, but acts mechanically in keeping the soil loose, and is in this way of especial value in tenacious soils. When burned, of course all the nitrogen is expelled and returned to the air, while by the process the carbon is converted into carbonic acid gas and becomes a part of the atmosphere. But in large quantities, as in some wheat-growing sections, there may be such nitrogen which has been taken from in large quantities, as in some wheat-growing sections, there may be such an abundance of straw that it can not be very well utilized for fertilizing purposes—that is, can not be plowed under or used as a mulch, and thus permitted to be reduced by slow decay. In such cases it is better to burn it then to appreciate the carried off from

than to permit it to be carried off from the farm. By burning, all the ingredients that are drawn from the soil are returned to it, and so far the necessity returned to it, and so far the necessity for mineral fertilizers is removed. But large amounts of straw may be profitably used in the stables, under the sheds and in the open barnyard. If it can be run through a cutter it improves its condition for bedding and absorbent purposes and hastens its decomposition. Besides if, at the time of drawing out the manure, any portion drawing out the manure, any portion of the straw is not well rotted, it will fork much easier in short pieces than it will when left at full length. Furthermore, it will spread over the soil better and is more easily plowed under, or less objectionable if left on the sur-face, when cut into short pieces. When straw is bright and clean, even though the grain may have been dead ripe when cut, cattle and other stock will eat a good deal of it in connection with more concentrated and nutritious foods. By all means husband the straw and By all means husband the straw and return to the soil all that belongs to it. It is enough to carry off the material appropriated by the grain that is not fed and used on the farm, for nature is all the while keeping a strict account, and is positive about having balances in her favor. The moment any ingredient is exhausted, or not left in sufficient quantity, she will refuse to honor the draft made on her for the production of a crop requiring that material.—

National Live-Stock Journal.

BASHFUL MEN.

A Hawalian Custom Which Formerly Gave Them a Show in Life. By the established Hawaiian custom and etiquette it was formerly the female who was the suitor when a marriageable mate of the opposite sex was sought. This was a good plan for the bashful men, but sometimes would render members of the masculine sex liable to the charge of ungallant conduct. It is told that a convert to the Christian religion who was much interested in the welfare of his soul, was sought in marriage by a good-looking female who was in the ranks of the ungodly, and the man replied to her suit that he must think of the salvation of his soul, and then he might be ready to think of her. In many instances the beauty of the women has been too much for the men to withstand, and they have asserted their rights as lords

and masters and asked the girls.

One poor fellow was once asked why he was not married, and he answered sadly that none of the girls had asked him. The story is told that once several couples came to the missionary to be married. When they were directed to join hands with their partners one man as found without any intended wife and was asked where the damsel was. and was asked where the damsel was.
"O," replied the bridegroom, "she is
at the door putting on her frock;" and,
as she delayed appearing, he went after
her, and soon returned, after helping
to arrange the bridal dress, and the
bonds were duly forged.

The Sandwich Islands is the only
place where squeaking shoes are fully
appreciated. The natives regard it as
an important part of the foot-wear, and
cheerfully pay according to the amount

an important part of the foot-wear, and cheerfully pay according to the amount of squeak furnished. Once when a sheemaker was applied to for shoes with the squeak in them, he asked his customer how much he would have put in—a penny's worth, twenty-tive or fifty cents' worth, and the native finally concluded he would take a whole dollar's worth .- Good Words.

JENNER'S STRUGGLES.

Interesting Points Concerning His Disco cry of Small-Pox Vaccination.

Although Jenner was forty-nine years old before he made vaccination known to the world, the subject had attracted to the world, the subject had attracted his attention when only a youthful apprentice to a country surgeon. He was convinced that the current methods of treating cow-pox and small-pox were capable of improvement, and he set himself to study the nature of the disease. But for many years after his opinions were made known to the medical faculty they were contemptuously acouted. He had first of all to prove, contrary to the prevalent belief, that what was called cow-pox was not a certain preventive of small-pox. Then he had to trace out the nature of the difference in the diseases to which cows are subject, and to ascertain which of them possessed the protective virtue against small-pox. After repeated fallures he made the grand discovery that it is "only in a certain condition of the pustule that the virus is capable of imparting its protective power to the haman constitution." It was on the 14th of May, 1799, that he first put his theory to the test by transferring cowpox by inoculation from one human being to the other. It was two years later, however, before his famous "Inquiry into the Causes and Effects of the Varlolæ Vaccinæ" was published. Henry Clive was the first London doctor to put the thing to the test, and he is credited with performing the first successful vaccination in London. Other cases followed, and Lady Frances Morgan (afterward Lady Ducie) was the first lady of rank to have a child vaccinated.—All the Year Round.

—Farmer (to country minister)—"I his attention when only a youthful ap-

bonate of sods.

This explains the beneficial effect on adding lime to the muck from salt marshes, so different from adding lime to the muck from fresh water swamps.

Salt water muck mixed with lime has been very successfully used. The muck being saturated with salt water from its natural position, is dug out, partially dried and mixed with about one-seventh of its bulk of slacked lime. It soon heats, forments strongly, and when used soon after as manure produces excellent effects. Making manure is a fine art too little studied by farmers.—Bostos Fost.

Cases followed, and Lady Frances Morgan (afterward Lady Ducie) was the first lady of rank to have a child vaccinated.—All the Year Round.

Farmer (to country minister)—"I kin bring you in a couple bushels of supples, dominie, if you'd like 'em. I 've a lot of 'em goin' to rot." Minister—"Thanks, Mr. Hayseed; I would be very glad to get them. Have you over tried feeding thom to hogs? I hear they are very fattening."—Farmer—"Yes, I've offered 'em to the hogs, but they won't touch 'em."—Harpers' Basar.

HOW TO BE POPULAR.

What People Want of Persons Who Move in Their Society. Nothing can be more certain than that the happier, the luckier, the better dressed and the gayer you are, the more bune.

you can't do it.

you can't do it.

It is not that society does not wish to have miserable people in its whirl so much as that sad people are out of place there. A merry voice, a smiling face, a habit of praising the world rather than of blaming it, makes any one acceptable. People who can set others laughing are popular. On the whole, no doleful person need to expect sympathy; it is too troublesome. Woebegone folks are not wanted. Even strong feeling, deep thought or fervid sentiment is troublesome in society. Light talk, agreeable chat, subjects that can not hurt any body's feelings are decan not hurt any body's feelings are de-

If you can manage to be amusing without being satirical, interested in every thing that is said without being personal, and to dress with good taste, even if you are poor, you will be popu-lar. We are not sure that it is worth while to win what is neither love nor interest, but it is better than to be unpopular. And, in any event, the "doldrums," the exhibition of your empty purse, broken heart or poor health, will be against you.

When you have to be wretched—as,

When you have to be wretched—as, if you own a heart, you must—go away by yourself and cry. If you are poor, take your poverty into a dark corner where nobody will see it. And when you can no longer be well, go away and suffer in silence. As a general thing, all that the people want of you is to amuse them in some way, and if, in all the world, you have one friend who truly aympathizes with you in joy who truly sympathizes with you in joy and sorrow, you have a rarer thing than the phœnix. At all events, remember that you can not bemoan your-self and be popular, even among your own next of kin.—Baptist Weekly.

AN ASTUTE TEUTON. Something About the Man Who, at Present,

The gradual Germanization of France has lately taken a new and alarming departure. In the last century, as every one knows, Germany, like the rest of the world, was a humble tribu-tary to the art and taste of France. This tribute continued to be paid even while the other kind of tribute—the war milliards-was flowing in the other direction. But the current is now in a fair way to be reversed. It is in this wise: There are five leading "journals of fashion" published in Paris—namely, La Baison, La Mode la Universelle, Les La Saison, La Mode la Universelle, Les Modes Parisiennes, Les Modes de Saison and La Mode de Paris. They all belonged to the same proprietor, a M. Thiron, who, however, has lately died, and the whole concern has now been bought up by a German! This enterprising gentleman is making the most of his purchase. Take La Saison, for instance. A German edition is published at Berlin simultaneously with the French one at Paris; and as ly with the French one at l'aris; and as to this latter, although the actual print-

Origin of a Theatrical Custom.

marck.—Chicago Times.

handsome subvention from Prince Bis-

The custom of calling actors and dramatists before the curtain is not as old as might be imagined. In Germany it was the famous tragedian, Ludwig Schroder, who, in 1780, first yielded to the applause of the Hamburg public and ap-peared before the curtain. Lessing de-cidedly discountenanced the calling out of the drramatist, but did not object to the actors appearing before the curtain. After Schroder had set the example, it became not only the general practice of actors to appear in response to applause, but to express thanks in a set speech. This, in turn, led an interesting writer at the beginning of this century to com-pile a book for the use of actors in this emergency, containing fitting words of acknowledgment for every role in the repertory of the German stage.—Berlin Rundschau.

-A young man at Nevada City under took to eat two dozen eggs at one sit-ting, but gave up after eating twenty-

THE MARKETS. CINCINNATI, Sept.11.

Good Packers 4 40 SHEEP—Good to choice 3 00	3	70
GRAIN-Wheat-No. 2 red 78	83	19
Corn No. 2 mixed	8	11 × 12
TORACCO—Medium Leaf 6 00	6 7	68 00 80
PROVISIONS-Pork-Mess11 00	611 611	1214
Ohio Creamery		18 24 50
POTATORS—Per barrel 1 25 NEW YORK.	ői	
FLOUR—State and Western 2 15 GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Chicago No. 2 red	600	86 L
	6 6 6 11	5214 40 50
LAHD—Western steam	67	43
FLOUR-Wisconsin winter\$3 90 GRAIN-Wheat-No. 2 red No. 2 Chicago Spring 78	666	00 11 1614
No. 2 Chicago Spring	998	40 25%
POKK-Mess	6 10 6 1	20
	8 8	88%
FLOUR-Family	8,,	48 32 75
Lard-Reducd	8	42
TNDIANAPOLIS.	•	15%
Oats-mixed	8	25%
FLOUR-A No. 1 \$ 4 00	8	80 13
Cors-mixed	8	448
PORK-Mess 8 00		1 25

—Cocoanut culture is growing rapidly along the lower coast of Florida. The keys from Biscayne Bay to Key West contains many thousand new trees, and there are tens of thousands from one to four or five years old .- Chi

people like you. In romance you can throw yourselves into people's arms and tell them all your woes; but in real life RED STAR COUGH CURE. Twenty-five cents

THOSE NUISANCES, Rheumatism and the Gout, are relieved by GLERN'S SULPHUR SOAR, HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE, Black or

"What would a woman do without a looking-glass!" is asked. Use another's. You can't stick a woman as easy as that—Chicago Ledger.

BRONCHITIS is cured by frequent small loses of Piso's Cure for Consumption.

"ARTRUR"—Yes, we should like to have you write for our paper. Address your letter to the business office, and it will be sent to you.—N. Y. Independent.

Ir afflicted with Bore Eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it. 25c. A New York newspaper boasts that it owns a tomahawk. We should judge so from the character of its illustrations.

Burlington Free Press.

Think of This

Many people have neglected slight manifestations of humor in the blood till the foul matter has become so powerful as to cause terrible scrofulous sores, awful suffering, and, finally, as the system becomes drained of all its strength, death.

Some have nonlected distress after eating, heartburn, occasional headaches, and other early symptoms of dyspepsia, till this painful disease has become incurable, and the victim barely sustains a miscrable avistance.

come incurable, and the victim barely sustains a miserable existence.

Others neglect that tired feeling, pains in the back, weakness, languor, till general debility and kidney or liver disease becomes firmly fixed upon them and there is no hope of recovery.

Be wise in time: Hood's Barsaparilla will cure, when in the power of medicine, scrofula, salt rheum, boils, pimples, dyspepsia, headache, billoueness, exterrh, rheumatism, that tired feeling, and any disease or affection caused by impure blood or low state of the system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

DR. JOHN BULL'S Smith's Tonic Syrup FOR THE CURE OF FEVER and ACUE

Or CHILLS and FEVER. to this latter, although the actual printing is done in Paris, the designs and the engravings are all German. Nor is this all. Herr Lipperheide, the proprietor, does not scruple—so the French say—to puff German goods with which Paris is already inundated—"French silks," which are made at Crefeld. Limbach and Furth; "French textures," which are made at Elberfield and Augsburg; "French ribbons," which come from Barmen, and "French cloths," from Chemnitz and Schmoeln. That would be bad enough, but it is not the worst, for, under cover of the "French mark," these same German goods are being actively pushed—thanks to the good offices of "French" journals of fashion—in Prussia, Austria and America. Decidedly the astute Herr Lipperheide deserves, if all this be true, a handsome subvention from Prince Bis— AND ALL MALARIAL DISEASES. of KENT'S VEGETABLE PAWILY PILLS will

e sufficient. USE no other pill. Price, \$1.00 per Bottle; Six Bottles for \$5. DR. JOHN BULL'S SMITH'S TONIC SYRUP.

BULL'S SARSAPARILLA. BULL'S WORM DESTROYER.

The Popular Remedies of the Day. Principal Office, 681 Main St., LOUISVILLE, KY.



A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable to use. Price 20 cts, by mail or at druggists. Send for circular. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y. NOVELTIES FOR DECORATION. ARI Artists' and Amateurs' Outfile in Oil and Water Colors, Lustra Painting use. Decorate Your Home

186 WEST FOURTH STREET. CINCINNATI, O. FRAZER XLE GREASE, 30.000 CARPENTERS Parmors, Putchers and others SAW FILERS are our said, hip. Butcher, Buck, Pruning and at the Gam, hip. Butcher, Buck, Pruning and at the other cut better than ever. Two there is no they cut better than ever. Two there is no the said of the said o

HARTSHORN'S ShadeRollers

PACE, HANDS, PEET, DPIUM HABIT absolutely cured, time, New, infallible remedy. Not a particle pain or self-denial. Pay when cated, Handsome book tree. DR. C. J. WEATHERBY, Ranass City, Mo. ARTISTS' MATERIALS. Lustra and Colors. Reported Vort. Vax. Salver Burgling. Lond Tot. W. Lutter Burgling. Salver Boy Later Burgling. Salver Burgling.



INVALIDS' HOTEL SURGICAL INSTITUTE

No. 663 Main Street, BUFFALO, N. Y.

Not a Hospital, but a pleasant Remedial Home, organized with

A FULL STAFF OF EIGHTEEN PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS. And exclusively devoted to the treatment of all Chronic Diseases.

This imposing Establishment was designed and erected to accommodate the large number of invalids who visit Buffa's from every State and Territory, as well as from many foreign lands, that they may avail themselves of the professional services of the Staff of skilled specialists in medicine and surgery that compose the Faculty of this widely-celebrated institution.

A FAIR AND BUSINESS-LIKE OFFER TO INVALIDS.

We earnestly invite you to come, see and examine for yourself, our institutions, appliances, advantages and success in curing chronic discusses. Have a mind of your own. Do not listen to or heed the counsel of skeptical friends or jealous physicians, who know nothing of us, our system of treatment, or means of cure, yet who never lose an opportunity to misrepresent and endeavor to prejudice people against us. We are responsible to you for what we represent, and if you come and visit us, and find that we have misrepresented, in any porticular, our institutions, advantages or success, we will promptly refund to you all expenses of your trips. We court honest, sincere investigation, have no secrets, and are only too giad to show all interested and candid people what we are doing for suffering humanity.

NOT ALWAYS NECESSARY TO SEE PATIENTS.

By our original system of diagnosis, we can treat many chronic diseases just as successfully without as with a personal consultation. While we are always glad to see our patients, and become acquainted with them, show them our institutions, and familiarize them with our system of treatment, yet we have not seen one person in five hundred whom we have cured. The perfect accuracy with which scientists are enabled to deduce the most minute particulars in their several departments, appears almost miraculous, if we view it in the light of the early acco. Take, for example, the electro-magnetic telegraph, the greatest invention of the age. Is it not a marvelous degree of accuracy which enables an operator to exactly locate a fracture in a submarine cable nearly three thousand miles long? Our venerable "cierk of the weather" has become so thoroughly familiar with the most wayward elements of nature that he can accurately predict their movements. He can sit in Washington and foretell what the weather will be in Florida or New York as well as if several hundred miles did not intervene between him and the places named. And so in all departments of modern science, and science, diseases have certain unmistakable signs, from these scientists deduce accurate conclusions regardless of distance. So, also, in medical science, diseases have certain unmistakable signs, or symptoms, and by reason of this fact, we have been enabled to originate and perfect a system of determining, with the greatest accuracy, the nature of chronic diseases, without seeing and personally

examining our patients. In recognizing diseases without a personal examination of the patient, we claim to possess no miraculous powers. We obtain our knowledge of the patient's disease by the practical application, to the practice of medicine, of well-established principles of modern science. And it is to the accuracy with which this system has endowed us that we owe our almost world-wide reputation of skillfully treating lingering or chronic affections. This system of practice, and the marvelous success which has bren attained through it, demonstrate the fact that diseases display certain phenomena, which, being subjected to scientific analysis, furnish abundant and unmistakable data, to guide the judgment of the skillful practitioner aright in determining the nature of diseased conditions. The most ample resources for treating lingering or chronic diseases, and the greatest skill, are thus placed within the casy reach of every invalid, however distant he or she may reside from the physicians making the treatment of such affections a specialty. Full particulars of our original, scientific system of examining and treating patients at a distance are contained in "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." By R. V. Pierce, M. D. 1000 pages and over 300 colored and other illustrations. Sent. post-paid, for \$1.50.

Or write and describe your symptoms, inclosing ten cents in stamps, and a complete treatise, on your particular disease, will be sent you, with our terms for treatment and all particulars.

COMMON SENSE AS APPLIED TO MEDICINE.

It is a well-known fact, and one that appeals to the judgment of every thinking person, that the physician who devotes his whole time to the study and investigation of a certain class of diseases, must become better qualified to treat such diseases than he who attempts to treat every ill to which fiesh is heir, without giving special attention to any class of diseases. Men, in all ages of the world, who have become famous, have devoted their lives to some special branch of science, art, or literature. Prature.

By thorough organization, and subdividing the practice of medicine and surgery in this institution, every invalid is treated a specialist—one who devotes his undivided attention to the particular class of diseases to which the case belongs. The rantage of this arrangement must be obvious. Medical science offers a vast field for investigation, and no physician can, thin the brief limits of a life-time, achieve the highest degree of success in the treatment of every mainty incident to humanity.

OUR FIELD OF SUCCESS.

Dyspepsia, "Liver Complaint," Obstinate Constipation, Chronic Diarrhea, Tape-worms, and kindred affections are among those chronic diseases in the successful treatment of which our specialists have attained great success. Many of the diseases DIGESTION.

affecting the liver and other organs contributing in their func-tions to the process of digostion, are very obscure, and are not infrequently mistaken by both laymen and physicians for other maladies, and treatment is employed directed to the removal of a disease which does not exist. Our Complete Treatise on Diseases of the Digostive Organs will be sent to any address on receipt of ten cents in postage stamps.

ten cents in postage stamps.

BENGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, and kindred maladies, have been very largely treated, and cures effected in thousands of cases which had been pronounced beyond hope. These diseases are readily disgnosticated, or determined, by chemical analysis of the urine, without a personal examination of patients, who can, therefore, generally be successfully treated at their homes. The study and practice of chemical analysis and microscopical examination of the urine in our consideration of cases, with reference to correct diagnosis, in which our institution long ago became famous, has naturally led to a very extonsive practice in diseases of the urinary organs. Probably no other institution in the world has been so largely patronized by suffers from this class of maindies as the old largely patronized by suffers from this class of maindies as the old largely patronized by suffers from this class of maindies as the old largely patronized world's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel. Our specialists have acquired, through a vast and varied experience, great experiences in determining the exact nature of each case, and, hence, have been successful in micely adapting their remedies for the cure of each individual case.

These definate diseases should be carrefully treated

GAUTION.

These deficate diseases should be carefully treated by a specialist thoroughly familiar with them, and who is competent to sacertain the exact condition and stage of advancement which the disease has microscopical examination of the urine, for medicines which are surative in one stage or condition are known to do positive in the condition are known to do positive in the condition are known to do positive in the for general sale through drugsiats, recommending to cure these diseases, although possessing very superior remedies, knowing full well from an extensive experience that the only safe and successful course is to carefully determine the disease and its progress in each case by a chemical and microscopical examination of the disease and condition of our patient.

WONDERFUL
SUCCESS.

To this wise course of action we attribute the marvelous success attained by our specialists in that important and extensive Department of our institutions devoted exclusively to the treatment of diseases of the virinary organs having constituted a leading branch of our practice at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, and, being in constant receipt of numerous inquiries for a complete work on the nature and curability of these maladies, written in a style to be easily understood, we have published a large Illustrated Treatise on these diseases, which will be sent to any address on receipt of ten cepts in postage stamps.

BLADDER
BLADDER
BLADDER
BEEL, STONE IN THE BLADDER,
Gravel, Enlarged Prostate Gland, Retention of Urine, and kindred affections,
may be included among those in the cure of which
our specialists have achieved extraordinary success. These are fully treated of in our illustrated pamphlet on
Urinary Diseases. Sent by mail for ten cents in stamps.

STRICTURES AND URENARY PISTULES.—Hundreds of cases of the worst form of strictures, many of them greatly appravated by the careless use of instruments in the hands of inexperienced physicians and surpreons, causing false passages, urinary fistules, and other complications, annually consult us for relief and oure. That no case of this class is too difficult for the skill of our specialists is proved by cures reported in our illustrated treatics on these maindies, to which we refer with pride. To intrust this class of cases to physicians of small experience is a dangerous proceeding. Many a man has been ruined for life by so doing, while thousands annually lose their lives through unskillful treatment. Send particulars of your case and ten cents in stamps for a large, illustrated treaties containing many testimonials.

Epileptic Convelsions, or Fits, Parity is, or Palsy, Lecomoter Ataxia, at Vitus's Dance, Insommia, or intelligy of sept. and threatened insanity. Nervous Bebility, arising from overtudy, excesses, and other causes, and every variety of norvous affection, are treated by our specialists for these diseases with unusual success. See numerous cases reported in our different illustrated

The treatment of Diseases of the Air Passages and Lungs, such as Chronic Nasal Catarrh, Laryman and Lung Diseases, and Lungs, such as Chronic Nasal Catarrh, Laryman and Consumption, both through correspondence and at our institutions, constitutes an important specialty.

We publish three separate books on Nasal, Throat and Lung Diseases, which give much valuable information, viz: (i) A Treatise on Consumption, Laryngitis and Bronchitts; price, post-paid, ten cents, (2) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (3) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (3) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (3) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (3) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (3) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (3) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (3) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (4) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (4) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (5) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (6) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (6) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (6) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (6) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (6) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (6) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (6) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (6) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (6) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (6) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (7) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Catarrh; price, post-paid, two cents, (7) A Treatise on Chronic Nasal Cata

RADICAL CURE MERNIA (Breach), or RUPTURE, no matter of how long standing, or of what size, is promptly and permanently cured by our specialists, without the kulfe and OF RUPTURE. Our specialists, without the antifuses. Abundant references. Send ten cents for

PILES, FISTULÆ, and other diseases affecting the lower bowels, are treated with wonderful success. The worst cases of pile tumors are permanently cured in fitteen to twenty days. Send ten cents for Illustrated Treatise.

DELIGATE
DISEASES.

Organic weakness, nervous debility, premature decline of the manly powers, involuntary vital losses, impaired memory, mental anxiety, absence of will-power, melanneloly, weak back, and kindred affections, are speedily, thoroughly and permanently cured.

To those acquainted with our institutions, it is hardly necessary to say that the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, with the branch establishment located at No. 3 New Oxford Street, London, England, have, for many years, enjoyed the distinction of being the most largely patronized and widely celebrated institutions in the world for the treatment and cure of those affections which arise from youthful indiscretions and pernicious, solitary practices. We, many years ago, established a special Department for the treatment of these diseases, under the management of some of the them to tkillful physicians and surgeons on our Staff, in order that all who apply to us might receive all the advantages of a full Council of the most experienced specialists.

We offer no apology for devoting so much

WE OFFER

We offer no apology for devoting so much attention to this neglected class of diseases, believing no condition of humanity is too wretched to merit the sympathy and best services of the noble profession to which we belong. Many who suffer from these terrible diseases contract them innocently. Why any medical man, intent on doing good and alleviating suffering, should shun such cases, we cannot imagine. Why any one should consider it otherwise than most honorable to cure the worst cases of these diseases, we cannot understand; and yet of all the other muladies which afflict mankind there is probably none about which physicians in general practice know so little.

We shall, therefore, continue, as heretofore, to treat with our best consideration, sympathy, and skill, all applicants who are suffering from any of these delicate diseases.

Host of these cases can be treated by us when

CURED AT HOME. Most of these cases can be treated by us when in person.
Our Complete and Illustrated Treatise (168 pages) on these subjects is sent to any address on receipt of ten cents in stamps.

Our Complete and Interrated Treatise (188 pages) on these subjects is sent to any address on receipt of ten cents in stamps.

BURGICAL

PRACTICE

Hundreds of the most difficult operations known to modern surgery are annually performed in the most skillful manner, by our Eurgeon-specialists, remove cataract from the great danger of cutting.

Our specialists, remove cataract from the dys, thereby curing blinders. They also straighten cross-eyes and insert artificial ones when needed. Many Ovarian and also Fibroid Tumors of the Uterus are arrested in growth and cured by electrolysis, coupled with other means of our invention, whereby the great danger of cutting operations in these cases is avoided.

Especially has the success of our improved operations for Varicocele, Hydrocele, Fustulic, Ruptured Cervix Uteri, and for Ruptured Perineum, been alike gratifying both to curselves and our patients. Not less so have been the results of numerous operations for Stricture of the Cervical Canal, a condition in the femnic generally resulting in Barrenness, or Sterility, and the cure of which, by a mafe and painless operation, removes this commonest of impediments to the bearing of offspring.

A Complete Treatise on any one of the above maladies will be sent on receipt of ton cents in stamps.

Although we have in the preceding paragraphs, made meution of some of the special aliments to which particular Literation is given by the specialists at the invalidation and Burgical Institute, yet the institution abounds in skill, facilities, and apparatus for the successful treatment of every form of chronic aliment, whether requiring for its cure medical or surgical means.

All letters of inquiry, or of consultation, should be addressed to

WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION. 663 Main Street, BUFFALO, N. Y.

SCHOENHALS'



\$5 FREE. Lines act ander the horse's feet. Write answers aspers again and subset to the horse's feet. EDUCATIONAL. GLENDALE PEWALE COLLEGE, Fifteen mile north of Cincinnali, Address REV. L. D. POTTER, D. D., Giendale, Q. NOME will DV. Secure a Business Education by A.N.K.-H.

CFD 4006